(vii) Scsha-chalam	Andhra	Pradesh
(viii) Chintapalli	Andhra	Pradesh
(ix) Laksha-dweep Islands	Lakshadweep	

Toxicity Tests at Alag Shipyard

1141. SHRI K.M. SAIFULLAH: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) the findings of the expert team appointed to carry out toxicity tests on the two American ships which had arrived for "Breaking" at the Alag Shipyard and were reported to be carrying toxic material;

(b) whether the work of demolition of these ships has since been resumed; and

(c) the losses suffered by the two'ship-brcaking parties as a result of the stoppage of breaking operations on the orders of the Ministry?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (PROF. SAIFUDDIN SOZ): (a) To assess the pollution potential of ship-breaking, a team of officials of the Central Pollution Control Board visited the Alang ship-breaking yard, Gujarat, on 26.7.97. Sea water samples tested were found to have high Oil and Grease contents (exceeding discharge limit of coastal area of 20 milligram/litre). The test results of the samples collected by the investigating team on 8.8.97 around the two US ships namely, the OVERSEAS VALDEZ and T.T. KITTANING indicated higher values of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) and Oil and Greas.

(b) and (c) Yes, Sir. The work of demolition of OVERSEAS VALDEZ and T.T. KITTANING were resumed on 22.8.97 after withdrawal of the order to maintain status-quo issued on 5.8.97. As per information made available by the Gujarat Maritime Board, total losses due to stoppage of ship-being operations was estimated as Rs.35.20 lakhs.

Revision of National Forest Policy

1142. DR. MANMOHAN SINGH: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal to revise the National Forest Policy; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (PROF. SAIFUDDIN SOZ): (a) and (b) Government have constituted a Committee on 21.10.97 to review the implementation of the National Forest Policy, 1988 and to suggest any change in the policy, if required.

Forest cover in the country

1143. SHRI E. BALANANDAN:
SHRIMATI CHANDRAKALA PANDEY:

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the minimum forest cover needed in India as far as environment and forest are concerned;

(b) the present position of State-wise land with forest cover;

(c) whether the existing laws in the country are enough to halt the process of denuding the forests;

(d) if so, the relevent sections of the existing laws; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefore?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS: (PROF. SAIFUDDIN SOZ): (a) The National Forest Policy, 1988 sets to have a minimum of one-third of the total land area of the country under forest or tree cover to ensure environmental stability and maintenance of ecological balance including atmospheric equilibrium.

(b) A statement depicting extent of the land with forest cover is appended as statement *(See* below)

(c) to (e) Although adequate provisions exist under sections 26, 33, 42, 52, 54, 55, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 72, 77 and 79 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927, applicable in most of the States as also corresponding sections of the state forest acts of Assam, Andhra Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Karnataka, Kerala, Nagaland, Orissa, Rajastan and Tamil Nadu, there is a need to consolidate and strengthen the forest laws keeping in view the requirements of the day. Amendments to the Indian Forest Act, 1927 are under process.

To check the diversion of forest lands for non-forestry purpose, Government of India have promulgated the Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980. Under section 2 of the said act, prior permission of the Central Government is required for diversion of forest land.

Statement

State-wise land with forest cover and its percentage to the geographical area

SI. No.	State/UT	Forest cover as per 1995 assessment (in sq. km)	Percentage of forest cover to geographical area
1.	Andhra Pradesh	47112	17.1
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	68621	81.9
3.	Assam	24621	30.7
4.	Bihar	26561	15.3
5.	Delhi	26	1.7
6.	Goa Daman & Diu	1250	32.8
7.	Gujarat	12320	6.3
8.	Haryana	603	1.4
9.	Himachal Pradesh	12501	22.4
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	20433	9.2
11.	Karnataka	32382	16.9
12.	Kerala	10336	26.9
13.	Madhya Pradesh	135164	30.5
14.	Maharashtra	43843	14.2
15.	Manipur	17558	78.6
16.	Meghalaya	15714	70.1
17,	Mizoram	18576	88.1
18.	Nagaland	14291	86.2
19.	Orissa	47107	30.3
20.	Punjab	1342	2.7
21.	Rajasthan	13280	3.9
22.	Sikkim	3127	44.1
23.	Tamil Nadu	17766	13.7
24.	Tripura	5538	52.8
25.	Uttar Pradesh	33986	11.5
26.	West Bengal	8276	9.3
27.	A & N Islands	7615	92.3
28.	Chandigarh	7	6.1
29.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	204	41.5
30.	Lakashdweep	—	—
31.	Pondicherry	—	—
	TOTAL:	639600	19.46